

Southern Select Super Corporation 2017-18 Annual Report

Southern Select Super Corporation

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Contact phone number Contact email 1300 369 315 supersa@sa.gov.au Date presented to Treasurer: 30 September 2018 To: Hon. Rob Lucas MLC Treasurer

This annual report is to be presented to Parliament to meet the statutory reporting requirements of section 33 of the Public Corporations Act 1993 and regulation 23 of the Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) regulations 2012 and meets the requirements of Premier and Cabinet Circular PC013 Annual Reporting.

This report is verified to be accurate for the purposes of annual reporting to the Parliament of South Australia.

Submitted on behalf of the Southern Select Super Corporation by:

Full name of authorised person

Virginia Deegan

Position

Board Member

Signature

Date

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Section A: Reporting required under the *Public Sector Act* 2009, the *Public Sector Regulations 2010* and the *Public Finance and Audit Act* 1987

Agency purpose or role

To be the leading provider of quality superannuation and related services in South Australia for low-income employees.

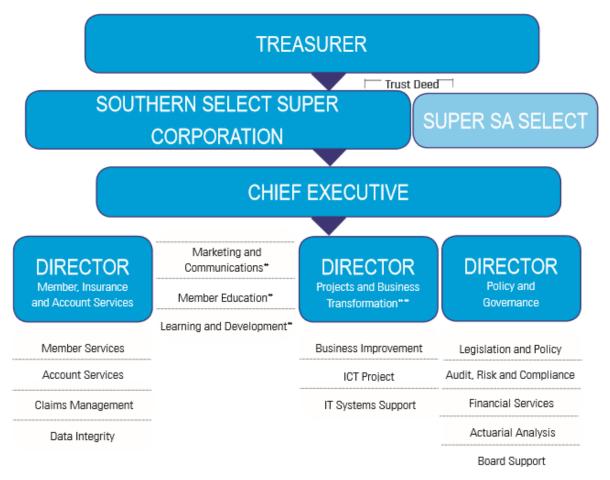
Objectives

- Adequacy: increase the number of members contributing for their retirement and encourage members to have an appropriate level of insurance.
- Services and communications: meet member and stakeholder expectations of continually improving services, products and communication.
- Sustainable fund: ensure that strategies are implemented to maintain Super SA as a sustainable public sector fund.

Legislation administered by the agency

Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012

Organisation of the agency



- * As at 30 June 2018 these teams reported directly to the Chief Executive.
- ** New position from June 2018. Previous position Director of Strategy and Business Management concluded in May 2018.

The Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012 provide that the Corporation may, with the approval of the Minister responsible for a particular administrative unit of the Public Sector, make use of the staff or facilities of that administrative unit. The Super SA Office (Super SA), a branch of the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF), provides administrative services to the Corporation. Super SA is the administrator of SA public sector schemes and products.

Super SA, on behalf of the Corporation, is responsible for the administration of Super SA Select. As the staff of Super SA are employees of DTF, the use of consultants, WHS reporting and executive employment statistics are included in the Department of Treasury and Finance's Annual Report.

The Board's service level contract with the Chief Executive of the Department of Treasury and Finance sets out specific performance standards. The Board monitors performance against the service level contract and the management plan through the quarterly management report produced by Super SA. The contract expires on 30 June 2019.

Other agencies related to this agency (within the Minister's area/s of responsibility)

In accordance with the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporations) Regulations 2012*, the Southern Select Super Corporation is responsible for the investment and management of the fund and must prepare an investment policy statement and set the risk/return objectives and asset allocation policies to be adopted. In fulfilling these duties, the Corporation consults with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA). Funds SA implements the Corporation's investment policy statement and strategies as agent.

Funds SA prepares an annual Performance Plan, which outlines planned initiatives and proposed strategies for managing the Super SA Select fund for the forthcoming year and a service level agreement details the operational aspects of the relationship.

Fraud detected in the agency

Category/nature of fraud	Number of instances
Nil detected	0

Strategies implemented to control and prevent fraud

Regular reporting on the internal control framework is provided to the Board from internal and external audit, through the Audit, Risk and Finance Committee as well as from the Chief Executive and the Board Secretary.

The Super SA Office maintains a Fraud Risk Register, Risk Management Strategy and Plan; a Business Continuity Framework and Plan; an Internal Audit, Risk and Compliance Framework and an Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing (AML/CTF) Plan.

Data for previous years is available at: https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/department-of-treasury-and-finance-annual-report-statistics

Whistle-blowers' disclosure

Number of occasions on which public interest information has been disclosed to a responsible officer of the agency under the *Whistle-blowers' Protection Act 1993* 0

Data for previous years is available at: https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/department-of-treasury-and-finance-annual-report-statistics

Financial performance of the agency

The following is a brief summary of the overall financial position of the agency. The information is unaudited. Full audited financial statements for 2017-18 are attached to this report.

As at 30 June 2018, Super SA Select had 107 members. This is a 14% decrease on the membership at 30 June 2017 (124). Of these 107 members, 43 were contributing to their Select account and 56 were non-contributory (8 retained accounts).

The value of total assets under management at 30 June 2018 was \$6.3 million, a 70% increase from the \$3.7 million under management at 30 June 2017.

Other information requested by the Minister(s) or other significant issues affecting the agency or reporting pertaining to independent functions

The Southern Select Super Corporation (the Corporation) is established under the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012.* Southern Select Super Corporation is Trustee of Super SA Select which is established and governed by a Trust Deed and Rules. The Corporation as Trustee is responsible to the Treasurer for all aspects of the administration of the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012.*

Corporation Board members can attend a variety of relevant national conferences and educational seminars.

The Southern Select Super Corporation Charter has been prepared in accordance with regulation 15 of the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012.* The functions of the Corporation are described in Regulation 13.

In establishing Super SA Select, the Southern Australian Superannuation Board agreed to provide funding of up to \$500 000 from its Capital and Development Reserve account. The repayment of the loan by the Corporation from Super SA Select, together with interest, is in accordance with Schedule 2 of the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012*.

There were no applications received for access to information under the FOI Act during 2017-18.

Section B: Reporting required under any other act or regulation

Name and date of act or regulation

Superannuation (Unclaimed Money and Lost Members) Act 1999 (Cth)

Division 4 – Various rules for special cases

18. State or Territory public sector superannuation schemes

No payments were made to the ATO during 2017-18 in line with this legislation.

Section C: Reporting of public complaints as requested by the Ombudsman

Summary of complaints by subject

Public complaints received by Southern Select Super Corporation		
Category of complaints by subject Number of instances		
Process	1	

Data for previous years is available at: https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/department-of-treasury-and-finance-annual-report-statistics

Appendix: Audited financial statements 2017-18

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Auditor-General's Department

Level 9 State Administration Centre 200 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000 DX 56208 Victoria Square Tel +618 8226 9640 Fax +618 8226 9688 ABN 53 327 061 410 audgensa@audit.sa.gov.au www.audit.sa.gov.au

To the Chair Audit Risk and Finance Committee Southern Select Super Corporation

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 32(4) of the *Public Corporations Act 1993*, I have audited the financial report of the Super SA Select for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Opinion

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Super SA Select as at 30 June 2018, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018
- an Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2018
- a Statement of Changes in Member Benefits for the year ended 30 June 2018
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2018
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2018
- notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from a Board Member of the Southern Select Super Corporation, Chief Executive, State Superannuation Office and the Manager, Financial Services, State Superannuation Office.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Super SA Select. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive, State Superannuation Office and members of the Southern Select Super Corporation for the financial report

The Chief Executive, State Superannuation Office is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The members of the Southern Select Super Corporation are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the scheme's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive, State Superannuation Office
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive, State Superannuation Office and those charged with governance about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Andrew Richardson Auditor-General 20 September 2018

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	\$000	\$000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	15	350	177
Receivables		1	1
Contributions receivable	6	-	8
Investments	4	6 299	3 726
Total assets		6 650	3 912
Liabilities			
Payables	7	181	9
Current tax liabilities	11(c)	214	47
Deferred tax liabilities	11(d)	60	35
Loan payable	8	548	541
Total liabilities excluding member benefits		1 003	632
Net assets available for member benefits		5 647	3 280
Member benefits	3	5 963	3 610
Net Assets		(316)	(330)
Equity			
Investment allocation (under)		(316)	(330)
Total equity		(316)	(330)

The Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Income Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$000	2017 \$000
Changes in investments measured at fair value		443	325
Interest		5	3
Total revenue		448	328
Investment expenses	12	36	20
Administration expenses	13	10	13
Interest expense		7	8
Total expenses		53	41
Result from operating activities		395	287
Net benefits allocated to members accounts		(349)	(244)
Operating result		46	43
Income tax expense	11(b)	32	23
Net operating result		14	20

The Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Statement of Changes in Member Benefits

For the year ended 30 June 2018

$ \begin{array}{r} 2347 \\ (343) \\ 366 \\ (17) \\ 5963 \\ \end{array} $	(436) 265 (21) 3 610
(343)	(436)
	(436)
	. – .
	. – .
2 2 4 7	757
(279)	(83)
27	30
	278
386	134
391	398
3 610	3 045
\$000	\$000
2018	2017
	\$000 3 610 391 386 1 822 27

The Statement of Changes in Member Benefits should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2018

for the year ended 30 June 2018	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
(Under) allocated benefits opening balance 1 July	(330)	(350)
Net operating result	14	20
(Under) allocated benefits closing balance 30 June	(316)	(330)
	• •	

The Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2018

For the year ended 30 June 2018		2010	2017
		2018	2017
	Note	\$000	\$000
Bank interest		5	3
Other income		(1)	(1)
Administration expenses paid		(9)	(19)
Income taxes paid		(12)	(17)
Insurance premiums paid		(13)	(13)
Net cash flows from operating activities	15	(30)	(47)
Receipts from the sale of investments from Funds SA		660	654
Payments to Funds SA for the purchase of investments		(2 826)	(861)
Net cash flows from investing activities	-	(2 166)	(207)
Emp loy er contributions		411	410
Member contributions		389	133
Government co-contributions		27	29
Transfers from other superannuation entities		1 993	(126)
Benefit payments to members		(343)	(464)
Contribution tax paid		(108)	(63)
Net cash flows from finance activities		2 369	(81)
Net change in cash		173	(335)
Cash at beginning of the financial period		177	512
Cash at end of the financial period	-	350	• 177

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Objectives and funding

(a) Super SA Select

In 2012, the Commonwealth passed the *Tax Laws Amendment (Stronger, Fairer, Simpler and Other Measures) Act 2012*, which introduced a new superannuation benefit for low income earners. This measure provides a superannuation benefit for low income earners of up to \$500 annually for individuals on adjusted taxable incomes of up to \$37 000.

The low income tax benefit is only available to members of taxed superannuation schemes. The Southern State Superannuation Scheme (The Triple S Scheme), regulated by the *Southern State Superannuation Act 2009*, is not a taxed superannuation fund and therefore members of the Triple S Scheme are not eligible for the low income tax benefit.

Under the Super SA Select Deed (the Deed) the Minister for Finance established Super SA Select (the Fund), a taxed accumulation superannuation fund.

The Fund is an indefinitely continuing superannuation fund that is maintained for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to members.

The Fund consists of all cash, investments, earnings and other property held from time to time by or on account of the Trustee upon the trusts of this Deed.

The Trustee may determine that beneficial interests in the Fund will be represented by units and that earnings of the Fund will be allocated by way of movements in the value of the units.

An employer is required to pay contributions to the Treasurer under section 21 of the Act. The employer contributes 9.50 (2017: 9.50) percent of salary where the member has elected to contribute less than 4.5 percent of salary. Where the member has elected to contribute at a rate of 10 percent.

The Fund is an exempt public sector superannuation entity and operates on a not for profit basis.

(b) Southern Select Super Corporation

The Southern Select Super Corporation (the Trustee) was established on 1 December 2012 as a subsidiary of the Minister for Finance (now the Treasurer), pursuant to the Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012 (the Regulations), and was established under section 24 of the Public Corporations Act 1993 to act as Trustee of the Fund.

The Trustee has complete management and control of all proceedings and matters in connection with the Fund and may do all that it considers necessary, desirable or expedient for the proper administration, maintenance and preservation of the Fund and in the exercise of the powers and the performance of the duties of the Trustee.

In accordance with regulation 14 of the Regulations, the Trustee is responsible for the investment and management of the Fund. The Trustee must prepare an investment policy statement for the purposes of the Fund and must, in connection with the statement, set the risk and return objectives and asset allocation policies to be adopted with respect to the management and investment of the Fund.

In setting the risk and return objectives and asset allocation policies to be adopted, the Trustee must consult with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA).

(c) Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia

The investment manager of the Fund is Funds SA and in accordance with regulation 14 of the Regulations implements the investment policy statement and strategies as agent for the Trustee. Funds SA is a South Australian Government Entity established under the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia Act 1995. The Fund is not Crown property and therefore operates in a taxed environment.

For further information on investment activities, reference should be made to the annual report of Funds SA. The financial report of Funds SA discloses the investment assets, liabilities, income and expenses relating to the investment activities of Funds SA.

(d) Funding arrangements

The Trustee receives payments from, or on behalf of, members of the Fund and maintains accounts for each member in accordance with the Deed. All amounts received from, or on behalf of, members of the Fund are to be paid into a fund maintained by the Trustee. Payments are to be made from the Fund as required under the Deed or rules of the Fund or under an Act of the State or the Commonwealth.

(e) Benefit entitlements

Benefit entitlements are specified by the Regulations, the Deed and the Super SA Select Business Rules.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

This financial report is a general purpose financial report. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with relevant Australian Accounting Standards, and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements promulgated under the provision of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* (PFAA), except as provided below.

This financial report has been prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

This financial report is presented in Australian currency and all amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

The Fund is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing financial statements.

(b) New accounting standards

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2018 reporting period. The assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (AASB 9)

AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. The standard is first applicable to the Fund for the year ending 30 June 2019. The new standard includes a model for classification and measurement, a single, forward looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-performed approach to hedge accounting.

All of the Fund's financial assets are currently measured at fair value through profit or loss and will continue to be measured on that basis under AASB 9. Super SA has conducted an assessment on behalf of the Scheme and has determined there will be no material impact of the standard on the Fund's accounting for financial instruments.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15)

The principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer, so that the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards. AASB 15 is first applicable to the Fund for the year ending 30 June 2019. Super SA has assessed the impact of the new rules on behalf of the Fund and determined that there will be no material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 16 Leases (AASB 16)

AASB 16 is first applicable for the year ending 30 June 2020. Assets and liabilities will be reported on the balance sheet for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, even if they were previously classified as an operating lease.

The Fund has no operating leases, and while Super SA is in the process of analysing the impact of the new standard on the Fund, it expects there will be no material impact on the Fund's financial statements.

There are no other "not yet effective" accounting standards that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods.

(c) Financial assets and liabilities

(a) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities into the categories below in accordance with AASB 139.

Financial assets and liabilities held for trading

These assets are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuation in price. All derivatives are classified as held for trading. Derivative financial instruments entered into by the Fund, if any, do not meet the hedge accounting criteria as defined by AASB 139. Consequently hedge accounting is not applied by the Fund.

Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These financial assets are designated on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with risk management and investment strategies of the Fund.

Other financial liabilities

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those classified at fair value through profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are measured at their nominal amounts. Amounts are generally settled within 30 days of being recognised as other financial liabilities. Given the short-term nature of other financial liabilities, the nominal amount approximates fair value.

(b) Recognition

The Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when, and only when, it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(c) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the income statement.

Receivables and financial liabilities (other than those classified at fair value through profit or loss) are measured initially at their fair value plus any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

For financial assets and liabilities where the fair value at initial recognition does not equal the transaction price, the Fund recognises the difference in the income statement, unless specified otherwise.

(d) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund measures investments at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those investments are recorded as 'changes in assets measured at fair value' through the income statement. Interest earned is recorded in 'Interest revenue'.

(e) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. Refer to financial statements note 4.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and short-term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits as defined above.

(g) Receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at nominal amounts due that approximate fair value. Receivables are normally settled within 30 days. Payables are carried at nominal amounts that approximate fair value. They represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Fund prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid when the Fund becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods or services.

(h) Benefits payable

Benefits payable are valued at fair value and relate to members who have ceased employment and provided the Fund with appropriate notification on or prior to 30 June 2018 but paid after 30 June 2018.

(i) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Changes in fair values

Changes in the fair value of investments invested with Funds SA are calculated as the difference between the fair value at sale, or at balance date, and the fair value at the previous valuation point. All changes are recognised in the income statement.

Interest

Interest revenue on cash and other financial assets carried at fair value is recorded according to the terms of the contract and recognised in the income statement.

(j) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except:

• When the GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case the GST is recognised as part of the revenue or the expense item or as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset, as applicable; or

• When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(k) Foreign currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Australian Dollars, which is the currency of the primary economic environment the Fund operates. The Fund's performance is evaluated and its liquidity managed in Australian Dollars. Therefore, the Australian Dollar is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

(I) Investments

Funds SA provides investments measured at fair value. Below is the basis for valuation of these investments.

(i) Inflation Linked Securities B

The Inflation Linked Securities portfolio invests in discretely managed portfolios and internal inflation linked securities. Discretely managed portfolios are invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at balance date.

Internally managed inflation linked securities, the returns of which are linked to movements in either the Consumer Price Index or Average Weekly Earnings, have been valued using the discounted cash flow method. The valuation as at balance date was performed by an independent valuer.

(ii) Property B

The Property B portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Listed Property Trusts

These investments comprise arrangements whereby professional fund managers are appointed under an investment management agreement to manage and invest in listed property securities and real estate investment trusts. Investments in this sub-sector are in pooled funds and have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers.

Unlisted property vehicles

The unlisted property vehicles portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. Investments in this sub-sector have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers.

(iii) Australian Equities B

The Australian Equities B portfolio comprises investments in listed Australian equities, and is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at balance date. Investments in pooled listed Australian equities funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers.

(iv) International Equities B

The International Equities B portfolio comprises investments in equities listed on international share markets, and is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at balance date. Investments in pooled international vehicles have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid-rates applicable at balance date where applicable.

(v) Short Term and Long Term Fixed Interest

The Short Term and Long Term Fixed Interest portfolios have exposure to domestic and global debt instruments and is managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at balance date.

(vi) Diversified Strategies Growth B

The Diversified Strategies Growth B portfolio comprises investments in Australian and international private equity funds and Australian and international pooled funds, which are invested and managed by external managers. The valuation of private equity investments is based on the most recent valuation performed by the fund managers plus or minus cash flows between the last valuation date and the reporting date. Both Australian and international private equity valuations

are generally in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (December 2015). Investments in the pooled funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid-rates applicable at balance date where applicable.

(vii) Diversified Strategies Income

The Diversified Strategies Income portfolio comprises investments in discretely managed investments and Australian and international pooled funds, and is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at the balance date. Investments in the pooled funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid-rates applicable at balance date where applicable.

(viii) Cash

Investments in externally managed pooled cash funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Deposits at call have been valued on the basis of principal plus accrued interest.

(m) Operation of investment portfolio

Funds SA is responsible for the investment and management of the Fund's funds pursuant to strategies formulated by Funds SA (refer Note 1 (c)). Funds SA operates a multi-layered notional unitisation structure to facilitate the administration of different investment strategies applying to the various public sector superannuation funds. For the year ending 30 June 2018, Funds SA managed two separate investment options pertaining to the Fund distinguished by differing strategic asset allocations, namely:

- Balanced
- Cash

During the financial year both these investment options were available to Super SA Select Fund members.

Reference should be made to Funds SA's Annual Report for the strategic asset allocations applying to each of the investment options discussed in the preceding paragraphs.

(n) Income tax

The Fund commenced on 1 December 2012 and is subject to a concessional tax treatment at the rate of 15 percent.

Current tax

Tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable benefits accrued for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial report and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affect neither taxable income nor accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are estimated to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Fund expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Fund intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(o) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

The significant accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current financial year and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated. Where necessary, comparative information has been presented to be consistent with current period disclosures.

Fair value of investments

When the fair values of the investments recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including a discounted cash flow model. The inputs in these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required to establish fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of these investments.

3. Member liabilities

Member benefits has an accrued liability that is the balance of the employees' contribution accounts as at the end of the financial year. These accounts are valued using unit prices that are determined by the underlying investment movements.

Super SA Select members bear the investment risk relating to the underlying assets and unit prices used to measure the member liabilities. Unit prices are updated daily.

Member liabilities

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Members liability at end of financial year	5 963	3 610
As compared to net assets available to pay benefits	5 647	3 280

4. Fair value of financial instruments

Classification of financial instruments under the fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires disclosures relating to fair value measurements using a three-level fair value hierarchy. The level within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability. The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, categorised between those whose fair value is based on:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Valuations are the responsibility of the Trustee. The valuation of investments is performed on a daily basis and are subject to quality assurance procedures. After the checks above have been performed the Trustee considers the valuation results, including assumptions used in the valuations.

The Trustee also considers the appropriateness of the valuation methods and inputs, and may request that alternative valuation methods are applied to support the valuation arising from the method chosen.

Valuation technique

The Fund's investments are not quoted in an active market. The Fund's investment manager, Funds SA considers the valuation techniques and inputs used in valuing these funds as part of its due diligence prior to investing, to ensure they are reasonable and appropriate and therefore the net asset value (NAV) of these funds may be used as an input into measuring their fair value. In measuring this fair value, the NAV of the funds is adjusted, as necessary, to reflect restrictions on redemptions, future commitments, and other specific factors of the underlying funds and fund managers. In measuring fair value, consideration is also paid to any transactions of a fund. The Fund classifies these funds as Level 2.

2010

2017

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the year.

Classification of investments under the fair value hierarchy

- Level 2	2010	2017
Level 1 and level 3 are not relevant to the Fund	\$000	\$000
Unlisted managed investment fund	6 299	3 726
Funds SA	6 299	3 726
Classification of loans under the fair value hierarchy - Level 2	2018	2017
Level 1 and level 3 are not relevant to the Fund	\$000	\$000
Loan from South Australian Superannuation Board	548	541
	548	541

5. Movement in the value of investments

6.

7.

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Investments at 1 July	3 726	3 214
Funds SA Investment - Balanced	2,558	508
Funds SA Investment - Cash	15	4
Change in investments	2 573	512
Investments at 30 June	6 299	3 726
Contributions receivables		
	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Member contributions receivable	-	2
Employer contributions receivable	<u> </u>	6
		8
Payables		
	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Audit fees	9	9
Transfer rollover to another Scheme	172	-
	181	9

8. Loan from South Australian Superannuation Board

At the 8 June 2012 Board meeting, the South Australian Superannuation Board (the Board) agreed to provide funding of \$500,000 from its Capital and Development Reserve account for the purpose of establishing the Fund.

The terms of the loan are set out in Schedule 2 of the Regulations and the tri-partite Funding Deed between the Board, the Minister for Finance (now Treasurer) and the Trustee. The Funding Deed was executed on 28 June 2013 with a drawdown date of 5 July 2013.

The repayment of the loan by the Trustee from the Fund, together with interest, will be in accordance with Schedule 2 of the Regulations. If at the end of the financial year the Fund has a net surplus, the interest payable for that year must be paid on or before 31 July of the following financial year. If the Fund does not have a net surplus at the end of the financial year, the interest payable for that year will be capitalised into the principal amount owing. At the end of 2017-18 the Fund did not have a net surplus, therefore the amount of interest capitalised into the principal amount for 2017-18 was \$7 000 (2017: \$8 000).

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Loan payable opening balance	541	533
Interest	7	8
Loan payable closing balance	548	541

Principal repayments are required when administration fees charged to members for the financial year exceed the cost of the administration of the Fund (other than investment management charges). For 2017-18 there was no principal repayment required.

9. Allocated to members' accounts

The value of funds which have been formally allocated to investor accounts equals the member benefits as per Note 3. The formal allocation of earnings to investors' accounts has been determined for the 2017-18 financial year.

10. Unallocated to members' accounts

All accumulation funds carry a proportion of amounts yet to be allocated. This unallocated amount arises because the financial report of the Fund is prepared on an accrual basis while monies are allocated to members on a cash basis.

11. Income tax

	2018 \$000	2017 \$000
(a) Major components of tax expense		
Current income tax		
Current tax charge	6	4
Adjustment to current tax for prior periods	1	-
Relating to the originating and reversal of temporary differences	25	19
relating to the originating and revelous or composity enterences	32	23
(b) Income tax expense		
Reconciliation between income tax expenses and the accounting profit be	efore income tax	
Net result from operating activities before tax	46	43
Tax applicable at the rate of 15% (2017: 15%)	7	. 6
Tax effect of expenses that are not assessable/or deductible in determinin	g taxable income:	
Investment revenue	(16)	(6)
Tax effect of other adjustments:		
Imputation and foreign tax credits	(12)	(14)
Net benefit allocated to member accounts	52	37
Over provision prior period	1	
Income tax expense	32	23
(c) Current tax liabilities		
Current years income tax provision	214	47
Current tax liability	214	47
(d) Deferred tax liability		
The amount of deferred tax liability recognised in the Statement of Financial Position at reporting date comprises:		
Accrued expenses	(1)	(1)
Contributions receivable	-	1
Unrealised capital losses/(gains) carried forward (discounted)	61	35
Deferred tax liability	60	35

The Fund offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets.

12. Investment Expenses

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Investment expenses	36	20
	36	20

Investment expenses comprise fees paid to Funds SA. Funds SA advises the amount applicable to the Scheme based on the Scheme's investment. Current year investment expenses increased due to higher total investments and investment performance for the financial year.

13. Administration Expenses

2018	2017
\$000	\$000
10	13
10	13
-	10

(i) Administration expenses incurred by the Trustee in administering the Fund are met in the first instance from the Department of Treasury and Finance Operating Account. The Department of Treasury and Finance seeks reimbursement from the Trustee monthly. The charges are based on actual costs of administering the Fund.

Section 7 of the Deed provides for an administrative charge to be debited each year to the Members' account. The purpose of this charge is to provide for existing and future costs of administering the Fund. The amount of the charge is determined by the Trustee. For the year ended 30 June 2018, the charge was \$1.35 per week. Per member for all members, active and non active. The charge for a member with an aggregate balance of \$1,000 or less is the lesser of investment earnings or \$1.35 per week, with a minimum annual administration fee of \$10. This charge is included on member annual statements.

Administration expenses include Auditor's remuneration - refer note 14.

14. Auditors' Remuneration

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Audit fees	9	9
	9	9

Audit amounts paid or due and payable are paid to the Auditor-General's Department (a South Australian Government Entity) for the audit of the Fund. No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department.

15. Reconciliation of Cash

	2018 \$000	2017 \$000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	350	177
Reconciliation of net cash from operating activities		
Net operating result	14	20
Adjustments for:		
Changes in investments measured at fair value	(443)	(325)
Investment expense	36	20
Income taxes	7	(14)
Increase in loan interest payable	7	8
Allocation to members' accounts	349	244
Net cash used in operating activities	(30)	(47)

16. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Fund's investments are managed by Funds SA predominantly by the appointment of investment managers as determined by the Funds SA Board. Each investment manager is required to invest the assets in accordance with the terms of a written mandate. The Funds SA Board has determined that the appointment of these managers is appropriate for the Fund and is in accordance with the Fund's investment strategy. The Funds SA Board obtains regular reports from each manager on the nature of the investments made on its behalf and the associated risks.

The allocation of assets between the various types of financial instruments is determined by the Funds SA Board. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Funds SA Board on a regular basis.

The Fund's investing activities expose it to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- market risk
- credit risk
- liquidity risk

The nature and extent of the financial instruments employed by the Fund are discussed below. This note presents information about the Fund's exposure to each of the above risks, the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Funds SA Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's investment risk management framework.

The Fund's investment risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, including those risks managed by the Fund's investment managers, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The Trustee receives regular reports from Funds SA concerning compliance with the Fund's investment objectives.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Fund's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

I. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of a change in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund's currency risk is managed by Funds SA as investments include assets denominated in foreign currencies.

Funds SA strategic policy for the management of its foreign currency exposure is as follows:

• Foreign currency exposures in the diversified strategies (growth), diversified strategies (income) and fixed interest asset sectors are fully hedged to Australian dollars.

• Foreign currency exposures over the developed markets component of the international equities asset class are 50 percent hedged to Australian dollars.

For the purpose of managing foreign currency risk, within defined constraints, the exposure to foreign currency can be varied from the strategic policy stated above, by Funds SA.

II. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that a movement in interest rates will cause the value of fixed interest securities to deviate from expectations.

The Fund's interest rate risk is managed by Funds SA, as investments include fixed interest securities.

Funds SA manages interest rate risk through:

- Ensuring asset allocations of different investment products are consistent with the time horizon of each.
- The use of specialist external investment managers to manage Funds SA's cash and fixed income portfolios.
- The Fund's receivables and payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amounts of these assets approximate to fair value.

III. Other market price risk

Other market price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

As the Fund's financial instruments are valued at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Income Statement, all changes in market conditions will directly affect investment revenue.

The Fund's other market price risk is managed by Funds SA, as investments include financial instruments exposed to market prices.

Funds SA manages the risk of financial market volatility through the adherence to two principles:

- Ensuring a diversity of exposures to different financial markets and sub markets.
- Ensuring asset allocations for different investment options are consistent with the time horizon of each.

IV. Investments sensitivity analysis

The Funds SA Board has determined that its forecast risk/return profile provides a reasonable measure of the sensitivity of the expected returns in each investment asset class. The following tables show the standard deviation around expected nominal returns for each asset class.

2018

	Average Return	Market Risk	Average	Potential impact of market risk (+/-)
Investment Option	5		FUM	on Income Statement
	%	%	\$000	\$000
Cash	2.7%	1.2%	363	4
Balanced	6.5%	8.1%	5 936	481

2017

	Average Return	Market Risk	Average FUM	Potential impact of market risk (+/-) on Income Statement
Investment Option				Statement
	%	%	\$000	\$000
Cash	2.5%	1.3%	348	5
Balanced	6.5%	8.0%	3 378	270

Note the 2017 sensitivity values have been restated from the prior year for consistency with the 2018 presentation.

The statistics shown above are averages calculated over 10 years, net of investment management fees and gross of tax. These investment statistics have a 15 percent tax rate applied and includes franking credits.

Market risk is a useful historical measure of the variability of returns earned by an investment portfolio. The market risk shown above represents the range at which actual future returns are expected to occur either side of the nominal return approximately two thirds of the time.

The dollar value of the potential impact on the Income Statement arising from the market risk is indicative only. The impacts are not additive across investment asset classes, as each asset class operates in different markets and is subject to different conditions.

Actual movements in returns may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the underlying trusts invest. As a result, historic variations in rates of return are not a definitive indicator of future variations in rates of return.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund.

The value of financial assets, included in the Statement of Financial Position represents the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to those assets. The Fund does not have any significant exposure to any individual counterparty or industry. The credit risk is monitored by Funds SA through ongoing reviews of the investment managers.

The Fund does not have any assets which are past due or impaired and there is no concentration of credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its payment of benefits to members and liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

For the Fund's investments, Funds SA manages liquidity risk as follows:

- By giving careful consideration to the expected net cash redemption requirements of Funds SA's clients. The allocation to cash in the strategic asset allocation of each investment product is set at a level sufficient to manage expected cash redemptions.
- A large proportion of each investment product is invested in highly liquid investments such as actively traded equities, unit trusts or securities with short-term maturities.

For the Fund itself, the liquidity position is monitored on a daily basis. The Fund's cash and liquidity policy is to have sufficient cash balances to meet anticipated weekly benefit payments, expenses and investing activities.

The following tables summarise the expected maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Fund can be required to pay. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

		Total	Carrying
	Less than 3	Contractual	Amount
2018	Months	Cash Flows	Liabilities
Finanical liabilities	\$000	\$000	\$000
Payables ⁽ⁱ⁾	172	172	172
Vested benefits (ii)	5 963	5 963	5 963
Total	6 135	6 135	6 135

2017	Less than 3 Months	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Amount Liabilities
Finanical liabilities	\$000	\$000	\$000
Payables ⁽ⁱ⁾	-	-	-
Vested benefits (ii)	3 610	3 610	3 610
Total	3 610	3 610	3 610

(i) Payable amounts disclosed here exclude amounts relating to statutory payables (e.g. Commonwealth, State and Local Government taxes, fees and charges; Auditor-General's Department audit fees).

(ii) Vested benefits have been included in the "Less than 3 months" column, as this is the amount that members could call upon as at balance date. This is the earliest date on which the Scheme can be required to pay members vested benefits, however, members may not necessarily call upon amounts vested to them during this time.

(d) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives can be defined as financial contracts whose value depends on, or is derived from, assets, liabilities, reference rates or indices. Funds SA uses derivatives to manage portfolio risk and to facilitate the implementation of investment strategies efficiently and cost effectively. Funds SA uses a variety of derivative instruments, such as over the counter swap agreements, forward rate agreements, futures and options.

Derivatives are an authorised investment within certain mandates managed by Funds SA's external investment managers for the purposes described above.

17. Segment information

The Fund operates in one reportable segment, being the provision of benefits to members. The Fund also operates from one reportable geographic segment, being Australia, from where its activities are managed. While the Fund operates from Australia only, the Fund, through its investment managers Funds SA, has investment exposures in different countries and across different industries.

18. Related parties

As detailed in Note 1, the Southern Select Super Corporation is a subsidiary of the Treasurer, pursuant to the *Public Corporations* (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012 (the Regulations), established under section 24 of the *Public Corporations* Act 1993, to act as Trustee of the Fund.

Related parties of the Corporation include all key management personnel and their close family members, all Cabinet Ministers and their close family members and all public authorities that are controlled and consolidated into the whole of government financial statements and other interests of the Government.

The Southern Select Super Corporation Annette Hurley (Presiding Member - Appointed 09/09/2016; resigned 17/06/2018) Virginia Deegan (Re-appointed 1/12/2015) Richard Dennis (Appointed 8/09/2016) Bill Griggs (Re-elected 8/09/2016) Jan McMahon (Re-elected 8/09/2016) Aaron Chia (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 8/09/2016) Liz Hlipala (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 1/12/2015) Leah York (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 8/09/2016) John Wright (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 1/12/2015)

The Southern Select Corporation Board Audit, Risk and Finance Committee

Virginia Deegan (Convenor) Annette Hurley (Presiding Member; resigned 17/06/2018) John Wright

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Fund includes the Treasurer, Board members, and the Chief Executive and members of the Executive Leadership Group, State Superannuation Office who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the Fund.

Compensation

All key management personnel are compensated through the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF), with compensation disclosed in the respective financial reports.

Transactions with key management personnel and other related parties

There were no transactions requiring disclosure for key management personnel or related parties.

Transactions with other government entities

There were no significant transactions with government entities other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements.

19. Events after the reporting period

There were no significant events after the reporting period.

Certification of the financial report

We certify that the attached general purpose financial report for Super SA Select:

- complies with any relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under section 41 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- is in accordance with the accounts and records of the Fund; and
- presents fairly the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2018 and the results of its operation and cash flows for the year then ended on that date, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia.

We certify that the internal controls employed by the Fund for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of the general purpose financial report have been effective throughout the reporting period.

Bonne

Dascia Bennett CHIEF EXECUTIVE STATE SUPERANNUATION OFFICE

Mark Carpinelli MANAGER FINANCIAL SERVICES STATE SUPERANNUATION OFFICE

Date 17/09/2018

Virginia Deegan

BOARD MEMBER SOUTHERN SELECT SUPER CORPORATION