



Southern Select Super Corporation

2016-17 Annual Report

Southern Select Super Corporation

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Date presented to Minister: 30 September 2017

To:
Hon Tom Koutsantonis
Treasurer
Minister for Finance
Minister for State Development
Minister for Mineral Resources and Energy
Member of the Executive Council


This annual report is presented to Parliament to meet the statutory reporting requirements of *section 33 of the Public Corporations Act 1993 and regulation 23 of the Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) regulations 2012* and meets the requirements of Premier and Cabinet Circular *PC013 Annual Reporting*.

This report is verified to be accurate for the purposes of annual reporting to the Parliament of South Australia.

Submitted on behalf of the Southern Select Super Corporation by:

Virginia Deegan

Member, Southern Select Super Corporation Board



Signature

25-9-17
Date

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Section A: Reporting required under the *Public Sector Act 2009*, the *Public Sector Regulations 2010* and the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*

Agency purpose or role

To be the leading provider of quality superannuation and related services in South Australia for low-income employees.

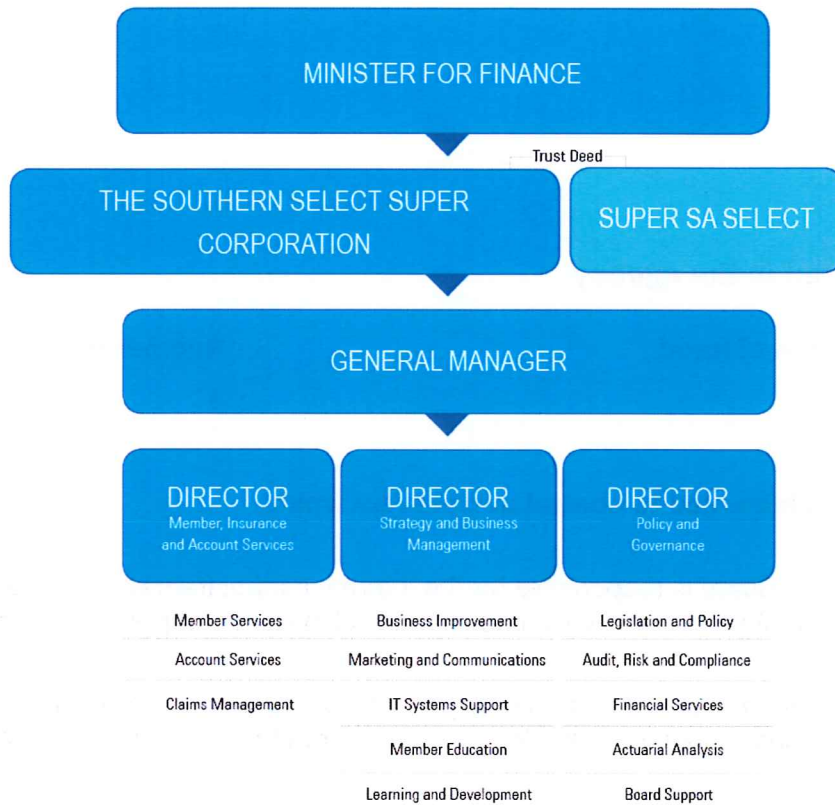
Objectives

- Adequacy: increase the number of members contributing for their retirement and encourage members to have an appropriate level of insurance.
- Services and communications: meet member and stakeholder expectations of continually improving services, products and communication.
- Sustainable fund: ensure that strategies are implemented to maintain Super SA as a sustainable public sector fund.

Legislation administered by the agency

Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012

Organisation of the agency



The *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012* provide that the Corporation may, with the approval of the Minister responsible for a particular administrative unit of the Public Sector, make use of the staff or facilities of that administrative unit. The Super SA Office (Super SA), a branch of the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF), provides administrative services to the Corporation. Super SA is the administrator of SA public sector schemes and products.

Super SA, on behalf of the Corporation, is responsible for the administration of Super SA Select. As the staff of Super SA are employees of DTF, the use of consultants, WHS reporting and executive employment statistics are included in the Department of Treasury and Finance’s Annual Report.

Other agencies related to this agency (within the Minister’s area/s of responsibility)

In accordance with the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporations) Regulations 2012*, the Southern Select Super Corporation is responsible for the investment and management of the fund and must prepare an investment policy statement and set the risk/return objectives and asset allocation policies to be adopted. In fulfilling these duties, the Corporation consults with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA). Funds SA implements the Corporation’s investment policy statement and strategies as agent.

Funds SA prepares an annual Performance Plan, which outlines planned initiatives and proposed strategies for managing the Super SA Select fund for forthcoming year and a service level agreement details the operational aspects of the relationship.

Fraud detected in the agency

Category/nature of fraud	Number of instances
Nil detected	0

Strategies implemented to control and prevent fraud

The Corporation Board is responsible for the internal control framework but also acknowledges that no cost-effective internal control system can preclude all errors and irregularities.

Regular information is provided to the Corporation Board from internal and external audit, the Audit, Risk and Finance Committee as well as from the General Manager and Board Secretary.

The Super SA Office maintains a Risk Management Strategy and Plan; a Business Continuity Framework and Plan; an Internal Audit Plan, a Compliance Framework and an Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing (AML/CTF) Program.

Whistle-blowers' disclosure

Number of occasions on which public interest information has been disclosed to a responsible officer of the agency under the *Whistle-blowers' Protection Act 1993* 0

Financial performance of the agency

The following is a brief summary of the overall financial position of the agency. The information is unaudited. Full audited financial statements for 2016-17 are attached to this report.

As at 30 June 2017, Super SA Select had 125 members. This is an 8% decrease on the membership at 30 June 2016 (136). Of these 125 members, 57 were contributing to their Select account and 67 were non-contributory (1 retained account).

New accounting standards were implemented, including the use of Fair Value Standard AASB13 to determine the value of funds under management. A comparison of this year's funds under management to last year's is provided, both using the Fair Valuation AASB13 method:

The value of total assets under management at 30 June 2017 was \$3.7 million, a 15% increase from the \$3.2 million under management at 30 June 2016.

Other information requested by the Minister(s) or other significant issues affecting the agency or reporting pertaining to independent functions

The Southern Select Super Corporation (the Corporation) is established under the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012*. Southern Select Super Corporation is Trustee of Super SA Select which is established and governed by a Trust Deed and Rules. The Corporation as Trustee is responsible to the Minister for all aspects of the administration of the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012*.

Corporation Board members can attend a variety of relevant national conferences and educational seminars. During the 2016-17 financial year Members of the Corporation Board attended the Superannuation Funds of Australia (ASFA) Conference, November 2016. The Presiding Member attended a forum for fund chairs organised by Conexus Financial Pty Ltd.

The Southern Select Super Corporation Charter has been prepared by the Minister for Finance and the Treasurer in accordance with regulation 15 of the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012*. In this Charter, Southern Select Super Corporation is referred to as the subsidiary and the Minister for Finance is referred to as the Minister. The functions of the subsidiary are described in Regulation 13.

In establishing Super SA Select, the Southern Australian Superannuation Board agreed to provide funding of up to \$500 000 from its Capital and Development Reserve account to the Minister for Finance. The repayment of the loan by the Corporation from Super SA Select, together with interest, is in accordance with Schedule 2 of the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012*.

There were no applications received for access to information under the FOI Act during 2016-17.

Section B: Reporting required under any other act or regulation

Name and date of act or regulation
Superannuation (Unclaimed Money and Lost Members) Act 1999 (Cth)
Division 4 – Various rules for special cases 18. State or Territory public sector superannuation schemes
No payments were made to the ATO during 2016-17 in line with this legislation.

Section C: Reporting of public complaints as requested by the Ombudsman

Summary of complaints by subject

Public complaints received regarding Super SA Select	
Category of complaints by subject	Number of instances
Nil received	0

Appendix: Audited financial statements 2016-17



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To the Presiding Member Southern Select Super Corporation

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 32(4) of the *Public Corporations Act 1993*, I have audited the financial report of Super SA Select for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

Opinion

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of Super SA Select as at 30 June 2017, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions promulgated under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2017
- an Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2017
- a Statement of Changes in Member Benefits for the year ended 30 June 2017
- Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2017
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2017
- notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Presiding Member of the Southern Select Super Corporation, General Manager, State Superannuation Office and the Manager, Financial Services, State Superannuation Office.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of my report. I am independent of the Southern Select Super Corporation. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the General Manager, State Superannuation Office and members of the Southern Select Super Corporation for the financial report

The General Manager, State Superannuation Office is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions promulgated under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The members of the Southern Select Super Corporation are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

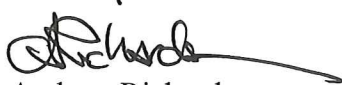
My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the General Manager, State Superannuation Office
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the General Manager, State Superannuation Office and the Presiding Member of the Southern Select Super Corporation regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A Richardson', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Andrew Richardson

Auditor-General

21 September 2017

Super SA Select

Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		177	512
Receivables		1	2
Contributions receivable	6	8	7
Investments	4		
Cash investments		426	395
Inflation Linked Securities B		283	254
Property B		404	348
Australian Equities B		777	651
International Equities B		678	552
Long Term Fixed Interest		262	250
Short Term Fixed Interest		99	64
Diversified Strategies Growth B		255	210
Diversified Strategies Income		542	490
Total assets		3 912	3 735
Liabilities			
Benefits payable		-	40
Payables	7	9	412
Current tax liabilities	11(c)	47	39
Deferred tax liabilities	11(d)	35	16
Loan payable	8	541	533
Total liabilities excluding member benefits		632	1 040
Net assets available for member benefits	15	3 280	2 695
Member liabilities		3 610	3 045
Total net assets/(liabilities)		(330)	(350)
Equity			
Investment allocation over/(under)	10	(330)	(350)
Total equity		(330)	(350)

The Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Income Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Changes in investments measured at fair value		325	115
Interest revenue		3	3
Total revenue		328	118
Investment expenses	12	20	15
Administration expenses	13	13	10
Interest expense		8	9
Total expenses		41	34
Result from superannuation activities		287	84
Allocation to member accounts		(244)	(80)
Result from operating activities		43	4
Income tax expense	11(b)	23	2
Net operating result		20	2

The Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Super SA Select

Statement of Changes in Member Benefits

For the year ended 30 June 2017

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Opening balance as at 1 July	3 045	2 555
Employer contributions	398	410
Member contributions	134	103
Transfers from other super entities	278	134
Government co-contributions	30	41
Contributions tax	(83)	(61)
Net contributions	757	627
Benefits to members	(436)	(217)
Net benefits allocated, comprising:		
Net investment revenue	265	99
Net administration expenses	(21)	(19)
Closing balance as at 30 June	3 610	3 045

The Statement of Changes in Member Benefits should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017	2016
		\$000	\$000
Investment allocation over/(under) opening balance 1 July		(350)	(352)
Net operating result		20	2
Investment allocation over/(under) closing balance 30 June	10	(330)	(350)

The Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017	2016
		\$000	\$000
Bank interest		3	3
Other income		(1)	(1)
Administration expenses paid		(19)	(11)
Income taxes paid		(17)	(1)
Insurance premiums paid		(13)	(14)
Net cash flows from operating activities	16	(47)	(24)
Receipts from the sale of investments from Funds SA		654	642
Payments to Funds SA for the purchase of investments		(861)	(1 060)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(207)	(418)
Employer contributions		410	431
Member contributions		133	106
Government co-contributions		29	41
Transfers from other superannuation entities		(126)	537
Benefit payments to members		(464)	(213)
Contributions tax paid		(63)	(35)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(81)	867
Net change in cash		(335)	425
Cash at beginning of the financial period		512	87
Cash at end of the financial period		177	512

The Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Super SA Select

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Objectives and funding

(a) *Super SA Select*

In 2012, the Commonwealth passed the *Tax Laws Amendment (Stronger, Fairer, Simpler and Other Measures) Act 2012*, which introduced a new superannuation benefit for low income earners. This measure provides a superannuation benefit for low income earners of up to \$500 annually for individuals on adjusted taxable incomes of up to \$37 000.

The low income tax benefit is only available to members of taxed superannuation schemes. The Southern State Superannuation Scheme (The Triple S Scheme), regulated by the *Southern State Superannuation Act 2009*, is not a taxed superannuation fund and therefore members of the Triple S Scheme are not eligible for the low income tax benefit.

Under the Super SA Select Deed (the Deed) the Minister for Finance established Super SA Select (the Fund), a taxed accumulation superannuation fund.

The Fund is an indefinitely continuing superannuation fund that is maintained for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to members.

The Fund consists of all cash, investments, earnings and other property held from time to time by or on account of the Trustee upon the trusts of this Deed.

The Trustee may determine that beneficial interests in the Fund will be represented by units and that earnings of the Fund will be allocated by way of movements in the value of the units.

An employer is required to pay contributions to the Treasurer under section 21 of the Act. The employer contributes 9.50 (2016: 9.50) percent of salary where the member has elected to contribute less than 4.5 percent of salary. Where the member has elected to contribute 4.5 percent or more of salary, the employer must contribute at a rate of 10 percent.

The Fund is an exempt public sector superannuation entity and operates on a not for profit basis.

(b) *Southern Select Super Corporation*

The Southern Select Super Corporation (the Trustee) was established on 1 December 2012 as a subsidiary of the Minister for Finance, pursuant to the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012* (the Regulations), and was established under section 24 of the *Public Corporations Act 1993* to act as Trustee of the Fund.

The Trustee has complete management and control of all proceedings and matters in connection with the Fund and may do all that it considers necessary, desirable or expedient for the proper administration, maintenance and preservation of the Fund and in the exercise of the powers and the performance of the duties of the Trustee.

In accordance with regulation 14 of the Regulations, the Trustee is responsible for the investment and management of the Fund. The Trustee must prepare an investment policy statement for the purposes of the Fund and must, in connection with the statement, set the risk and return objectives and asset allocation policies to be adopted with respect to the management and investment of the Fund.

In setting the risk and return objectives and asset allocation policies to be adopted, the Trustee must consult with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA).

(c) *Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia*

The investment manager of the Fund is Funds SA and in accordance with regulation 14 of the Regulations implements the investment policy statement and strategies as agent for the Trustee. Funds SA is an SA Government Entity established under the *Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia Act 1995*. The Fund is not Crown property and therefore operates in a taxed environment.

For further information on investment activities, reference should be made to the annual report of Funds SA. The financial report of Funds SA discloses the investment assets, liabilities, income and expenses relating to the investment activities of Funds SA.

(d) *Funding arrangements*

The Trustee receives payments from, or on behalf of, members of the Fund and maintains accounts for each member in accordance with the Deed. All amounts received from, or on behalf of, members of the Fund are to be paid into a fund maintained by the Trustee. Payments are to be made from the fund as required under the Deed or rules of the Fund or under an Act of the State or the Commonwealth.

(e) *Benefit entitlements*

Benefit entitlements are specified by the Regulations, the Deed and the Super SA Select Business Rules.

Super SA Select

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

This financial report is a general purpose financial report. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with relevant Australian Accounting Standards, and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements promulgated under the provision of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* (PFAA), except as provided below.

This financial report has been prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

This financial report is presented in Australian currency and all amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

The Fund is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing financial statements.

(b) Adoption of AASB 1056

The Board adopted AASB 1056 *Superannuation Entities* (AASB 1056), applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016.

The adoption of AASB 1056 has resulted in:

- Changes to the presentation format of the financial statements;
- Changes to the measurement of assets and liabilities from 'net market value' to 'fair value', excluding member liabilities, and, tax assets and liabilities;
- Additional disclosure requirements for assets and liabilities held at fair value as required by AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- Member benefits recognised as liabilities rather than equity; and
- Contributions, rollovers and other inward transfers and benefits paid to members are not in the nature of income or expenses, and are presented in the statement of changes in member benefits.

In accordance with the transitional provisions of AASB 1056, the Fund has applied the new accounting Standard retrospectively from the start of the comparative period.

The adoption of AASB 1056 had the following impact on the financial statements at the transition date of 1 July 2016 for the year ended 30 June 2016:

Description	As previously reported as at 30 June 2016 \$000	Transition adjustment \$000	Restated balance as at 30 June 2016 \$000
Impact of AASB 1056 on statement of financial position			
Investments			
Change in measurement from net market value to fair value			
Australian equities	650	1	651
International equities	551	1	552
Subtotal	1 201	2	1 203
Member benefits			
Member benefits recognised as liabilities rather than equity:			
Member liabilities	-	(3 045)	(3 045)
Equity			
Member benefits recognised as liabilities rather than equity:			
Member liabilities	(3 045)	3 045	-

Super SA Select

Description	As previously reported as at 30 June 2016 \$000	Transition adjustment \$000	Restated balance as at 30 June 2016 \$000
Impact of AASB1056 on operating statement			
Benefits accrued as a result of operations previously reported	707	-	707
Change in measurement of assets from net market value to fair value:	-	2	2
Contributions, rollovers and other inward transfers are transferred to the statement of changes in member benefits:			
Employer contributions	-	(410)	(410)
Member contributions	-	(103)	(103)
Transfers from other superannuation entities	-	(134)	(134)
Government co-contributions	-	(41)	(41)
Contributions tax	-	61	61
Operating activities	707	(625)	82
Benefits allocated to members accounts	-	(80)	(80)
Net operating result	707	(705)	2

(c) **New accounting standards and interpretations**

The Board applied for the first time certain standards and amendments which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016. The nature of each new standard or amendment (or both) is described below. Apart from AASB 1056, the adoption of these standards and amendments has not had any significant financial impact on the financial statements.

Accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective have not been adopted by the Fund for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2017. The impact of these standards and interpretations has been assessed and to the extent applicable to the Fund are outlined in the table below. Standards and Interpretations that are not expected to have a material impact on the Fund have not been included.

Ref	Title	Application date	Impact on Fund financial report
AASB 2016-1	Amendments to Australia Accounting Standards – recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	1 July 2017	No significant impact
AASB 2016-2	Amendments to Australia Accounting Standards – disclosure initiative – amendments to AASB 107	1 July 2017	No significant impact
AASB 2017-2	Amendments to Australia Accounting Standards – further annual improvements 2014-2016 cycle	1 July 2017	No significant impact
AASB 9 and relevant amending standards	Financial Instruments	1 July 2018	No significant impact

(d) **Financial assets and liabilities**

i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities into the categories below in accordance with AASB 139.

Financial assets and liabilities held for trading

These assets are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuation in price. All derivatives are classified as held for trading. Derivative financial instruments entered into by the Fund, if any, do not meet the hedge accounting criteria as defined by AASB 139. Consequently hedge accounting is not applied by the Fund.

Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These financial assets are designated on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with risk management and investment strategies of the Fund.

Other financial liabilities

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those classified at fair value through profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are measured at their nominal amounts. Amounts are generally settled within 30 days of being recognised as other financial liabilities. Given the short-term nature of other financial liabilities, the nominal amount approximates fair value.

ii) Recognition

The Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when, and only when, it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Super SA Select

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

iii) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the income statement.

Receivables and financial liabilities (other than those classified at fair value through profit or loss) are measured initially at their fair value plus any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

For financial assets and liabilities where the fair value at initial recognition does not equal the transaction price, the Fund recognises the difference in the income statement, unless specified otherwise.

iv) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund measures investments at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those investments are recorded as 'changes in assets measured at fair value' through the income statement. Interest earned is recorded in 'Interest revenue'.

v) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy.

vi) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and short-term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits as defined above.

vii) Receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at nominal amounts due that approximate fair value. Receivables are normally settled within 30 days. Payables are carried at nominal amounts that approximate fair value. They represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Fund prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid when the Fund becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods or services.

viii) Benefits payable

Benefits payable are valued at fair value and relate to members who have ceased employment and provided the Fund with appropriate notification on or prior to 30 June 2017 but paid after 30 June 2017.

ix) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Changes in fair values

Changes in the fair value of investments invested with Funds SA are calculated as the difference between the fair value at sale, or at balance date, and the fair value at the previous valuation point. All changes are recognised in the income statement.

Interest

Interest revenue on cash and other financial assets carried at fair value is recorded according to the terms of the contract and recognised in the income statement.

Super SA Select

x) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except:

- When the GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case the GST is recognised as part of the revenue or the expense item or as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset, as applicable; or
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

xi) Foreign currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Australian Dollars, which is the currency of the primary economic environment the Fund operates. The Fund's performance is evaluated and its liquidity managed in Australian Dollars. Therefore, the Australian Dollar is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

xii) Investments

Funds SA provides investments measured at fair value. Below is the basis for valuation of these investments.

(1) Inflation Linked Securities B

The Inflation Linked Securities portfolio invests in discretely managed portfolios and internal inflation linked securities. Discretely managed portfolios are invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at balance date.

Internally managed inflation linked securities, the returns of which are linked to movements in either the Consumer Price Index or Average Weekly Earnings, have been valued using the discounted cash flow method. The valuation as at balance date was performed by an independent valuer.

(2) Property B

The Property B portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Listed Property Trusts

These investments comprise arrangements whereby professional fund managers are appointed under an investment management agreement to manage and invest in listed property securities and real estate investment trusts. Investments in this sub-sector are in pooled funds and have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers.

Unlisted property vehicles

The unlisted property vehicles portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. Investments in this sub-sector have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers.

(3) Australian Equities B

The Australian Equities B portfolio comprises investments in listed Australian equities, and is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at balance date. Investments in pooled listed Australian equities funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers.

(4) International Equities B

The International Equities B portfolio comprises investments in equities listed on international share markets, and is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at balance date. Investments in pooled international vehicles have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid-rates applicable at balance date where applicable.

(5) Short Term and Long Term Fixed Interest

The Short Term and Long Term Fixed Interest portfolios have exposure to domestic and global debt instruments and is managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at balance date.

(6) Diversified Strategies Growth B

The Diversified Strategies Growth B portfolio comprises investments in Australian and international private equity funds and Australian and international pooled funds, which are invested and managed by external managers. The valuation of private equity investments is based on the most recent valuation performed by the fund managers plus or minus cash flows between the last valuation date and the reporting date. Both Australian and international private equity valuations are generally in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (December 2015). Investments in the pooled funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the

Super SA Select

managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid-rates applicable at balance date where applicable.

(7) Diversified Strategies Income

The Diversified Strategies Income portfolio comprises investments in discretely managed investments and Australian and international pooled funds, and is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at the balance date. Investments in the pooled funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid-rates applicable at balance date where applicable.

(8) Cash

Investments in externally managed pooled cash funds have been valued in accordance with the valuations supplied by the managers. Deposits at call have been valued on the basis of principal plus accrued interest.

xiii) **Operation of investment portfolio**

Funds SA is responsible for the investment and management of the Fund's funds pursuant to strategies formulated by Funds SA (refer Note 1 (c)). Funds SA operates a multi-layered notional unitisation structure to facilitate the administration of different investment strategies applying to the various public sector superannuation funds. For the year ending 30 June 2017, Funds SA managed two separate investment options pertaining to the Fund distinguished by differing strategic asset allocations, namely:

- Balanced
- Cash

During the financial year all these investment options were available to Super SA Select Fund members.

Reference should be made to Funds SA's Annual Report for the strategic asset allocations applying to each of the investment options discussed in the preceding paragraphs.

xiv) **Income tax**

The Fund commenced on 1 December 2012 and is subject to a concessional tax treatment at the rate of 15 percent.

Current tax

Tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable benefits accrued for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial report and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affect neither taxable income nor accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are estimated to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Fund expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Fund intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

xv) **Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

The significant accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current financial year and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated. Where necessary, comparative information has been presented to be consistent with current period disclosures.

Fair value of investments

When the fair values of the investments recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including a discounted cash flow model. The

Super SA Select

inputs in these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required to establish fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of these investments.

3. Member liabilities

Member benefits has an accrued liability that is the balance of the employees' contribution accounts as at the end of the financial year. These accounts are valued using unit prices that are determined by the underlying investment movements.

Super SA Select members bear the investment risk relating to the underlying assets and unit prices used to measure the member liabilities. Unit prices are updated twice weekly.

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Members liability at end of financial year	3 610	3 045
As compared to net assets available to pay benefits	3 280	2 695

4. Fair value of financial instruments

Classification of financial instruments under the fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires disclosures relating to fair value measurements using a three-level fair value hierarchy. The level within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability. The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, categorised between those whose fair value is based on:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Valuations are the responsibility of the Board. The valuation of investments is performed on a twice weekly basis and are subject to quality assurance procedures. After the checks above have been performed the Board considers the valuation results, including assumptions used in the valuations.

The Board also considers the appropriateness of the valuation methods and inputs, and may request that alternative valuation methods are applied to support the valuation arising from the method chosen.

Valuation technique

The Fund's investments are not quoted in an active market. The Fund's investment manager, Funds SA considers the valuation techniques and inputs used in valuing these funds as part of its due diligence prior to investing, to ensure they are reasonable and appropriate and therefore the net asset value (NAV) of these funds may be used as an input into measuring their fair value. In measuring this fair value, the NAV of the funds is adjusted, as necessary, to reflect restrictions on redemptions, future commitments, and other specific factors of the underlying funds and fund managers. In measuring fair value, consideration is also paid to any transactions of a fund. The Fund classifies these funds as Level 2.

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the year.

Classification of investments under the fair value hierarchy - Level 2	2017	2016
Level 1 and level 3 are not relevant to the Fund	\$000	\$000
Unlisted managed investment schemes		
Funds SA	3 726	3 214
	3 726	3 214
Classification of debt instrument under the fair value hierarchy - Level 2	2017	2016
Level 1 and level 3 are not relevant to the Fund	\$000	\$000
Loan from South Australian Superannuation Board		
Loan	541	533
	541	533

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5. Movement in the value of investments

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Investments at 1 July	3 214	2 697
Cash	31	17
Inflation Linked Securities B	29	2
Property B	56	126
Australian Equities B	126	94
International Equities B	126	46
Long Term Fixed Interest	12	61
Short Term Fixed Interest	35	8
Diversified Strategies - Growth B	45	49
Diversified Strategies - Income	52	114
Change in investments	512	517
Investments at 30 June	3 726	3 214

6. Contributions receivables

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Member contributions	2	2
Employer contributions	6	5
	8	7

7. Payables

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Audit fees	9	9
Transfer rollover received to other Scheme	-	403
	9	412

8. Loan from South Australian Superannuation Board

At the 8 June 2012 Board meeting, the South Australian Superannuation Board (the Board) agreed to provide funding of \$500,000 from its Capital and Development Reserve account for the purpose of establishing the Fund.

The terms of the loan are set out in Schedule 2 of the Regulations and the tri-partite Funding Deed between the Board, the Minister for Finance and the Trustee. The Funding Deed was executed on 28 June 2013 with a drawdown date of 5 July 2013.

The repayment of the loan by the Trustee from the Fund, together with interest, will be in accordance with Schedule 2 of the Regulations. If at the end of the financial year the Fund has a net surplus, the interest payable for that year must be paid on or before 31 July of the following financial year. If the Fund does not have a net surplus at the end of the financial year, the interest payable for that year will be capitalised into the principal amount owing. At the end of 2016-17 the Fund did not have a net surplus, therefore the amount of interest capitalised into the principal amount for 2016-17 was \$8 000 (2016: \$9 000).

Principal repayments are required when administration fees charged to members for the financial year exceed the cost of the administration of the Fund (other than investment management charges). For 2016-17 there was no principal repayment required.

9. Allocated to members' accounts

The value of funds which have been formally allocated to investor accounts equals the member benefits as per Note 15. The formal allocation of earnings to investors' accounts has been determined for the 2016-17 financial year.

10. Unallocated to members' accounts

All accumulation funds carry a proportion of amounts yet to be allocated. This unallocated amount arises because the financial report of the Fund is prepared on an accrual basis while monies are allocated to members on a cash basis.

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11. Income tax

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
(a) Major components of tax expense		
Current income tax		
Current tax charge	4	5
Adjustment to current tax for prior periods		(2)
Deferred income tax		
Relating to the origination and reversal of temporary differences	19	(1)
Tax expense as reported in Income Statement	23	2
(b) Income tax expense		
Reconciliation between income tax expenses and the accounting profit before income tax		
Net result from operating activities	43	4
Tax applicable at the rate of 15% (2016: 15%)	6	1
Tax effect of expenses that are not assessable/or deductible in determining taxable income:		
Investment revenue	(6)	2
Tax effect of other adjustments:		
Imputation and foreign tax credits	(14)	(10)
Allocations to member accounts	37	12
Over provision prior period	-	(3)
Tax expense as reported in Income Statement	23	2
(c) Current tax liabilities		
Current years income tax provision	47	39
Current tax liability	47	39
(d) Deferred tax liability		
The amount of deferred tax liability recognised in the Statement of Financial Position at reporting date comprises:		
Accrued expenses	(1)	(1)
Contributions receivable	1	1
Unrealised capital gains carried forward (discounted)	35	16
Deferred tax liability	35	16

The Fund offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets

12. Investment expenses

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Investment expense	20	15
	20	15

Investment expenses comprise fees paid to Funds SA. Funds SA advises the amount applicable to the Fund based on the Fund's investment. In 2016-17 investment expenses increased due mainly to higher performance fees that aligned with investment performance for the year.

13. Administration expenses

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Administration expenses	13	10
	13	10

Administration expenses incurred by the Trustee in administering the Fund are met in the first instance from the Department of Treasury and Finance Operating Account. The Department of Treasury and Finance seeks reimbursement from the Trustee monthly. The charges are based on actual costs of administering the Fund. Administration expenses include Auditor's remuneration - refer note 14.

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14. Auditors' remuneration

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Audit fees paid or payable	9	9
	9	9

Audit fees paid (or payable), GST exclusive, relate to the Auditor-General's Department work performed under the PFAA. No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department.

15. Net assets available for member benefits

Net assets available to pay benefits consist of the balances of the Super SA Select accounts. Movements in the balances of accounts are detailed below:

	Total 2017 \$000	Total 2016 \$000
Net assets available for member benefits at 1 July	2 695	2 203
Add:		
Member contributions	134	103
Employer contributions	398	410
Rollovers from other schemes	278	134
Government contributions	30	41
Changes in investments measured at fair value	325	115
Bank interest	3	3
	1 168	806
Less:		
Benefits paid and payable	436	217
Investment expenses	20	15
Administration expenses	13	10
Interest expense	8	9
Contributions tax expense	83	61
Income tax expense	23	2
	583	314
Net assets available for member benefits at 30 June	3 280	2 695

16. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposits with the Department of Treasury and Finance. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related item in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Cash and cash equivalents	177	512
Reconciliation of operating result to net cash flows from operating activities		
Net operating result	20	2
Adjustments for:		
Changes in investments measured at fair value	(325)	(115)
Investment expense	20	15
Income taxes	(14)	(15)
Increase / (decrease) in loan interest payables	8	9
Allocation to members' accounts	244	80
Net cash outflows from operating activities	(47)	(24)

17. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Fund's investments are managed by Funds SA predominantly by the appointment of investment managers as determined by the Funds SA Board. Each investment manager is required to invest the assets in accordance with the terms of a written mandate. The Funds SA Board has determined that the appointment of these managers is appropriate for the Fund and is in accordance with the Fund's investment strategy. The Funds SA Board obtains regular reports from each manager on the nature of the investments made on its behalf and the associated risks.

The allocation of assets between the various types of financial instruments is determined by the Funds SA Board. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Funds SA Board on a regular basis.

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The Fund's investing activities expose it to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- market risk
- credit risk
- liquidity risk

The nature and extent of the financial instruments employed by the Fund are discussed below. This note presents information about the Fund's exposure to each of the above risks, the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Funds SA Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's investment risk management framework.

The Fund's investment risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, including those risks managed by the Fund's investment managers, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The Board receives regular reports from Funds SA concerning compliance with the Fund's investment objectives.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Fund's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

I. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of a change in foreign exchange rates.

The Scheme's currency risk is managed by Funds SA as investments include assets denominated in foreign currencies.

Funds SA strategic policy for the management of its foreign currency exposure is as follows:

- Foreign currency exposures in the diversified strategies (growth), diversified strategies (income) and fixed interest asset sectors are fully hedged to Australian dollars.
- Foreign currency exposures over the developed markets component of the international equities asset class are 50 percent hedged to Australian dollars.

For the purpose of managing foreign currency risk, within defined constraints, the exposure to foreign currency can be varied from the strategic policy stated above, by Funds SA.

II. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that a movement in interest rates will cause the value of fixed interest securities to deviate from expectations.

The Fund's interest rate risk is managed by Funds SA, as investments include fixed interest securities.

Funds SA manages interest rate risk through:

- Ensuring asset allocations of different investment products are consistent with the time horizon of each.
- The use of specialist external investment managers to manage Funds SA's cash and fixed income portfolios.
- The Fund's receivables and payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amounts of these assets approximate to fair value.

III. Other market price risk

Other market price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

As the Fund's financial instruments are valued at net market value (fair value) with changes in net market value recognised in the Income Statement, all changes in market conditions will directly affect investment revenue.

The Fund's other market price risk is managed by Funds SA, as investments include financial instruments exposed to market prices.

Funds SA manages the risk of financial market volatility through the adherence to two principles:

- Ensuring a diversity of exposures to different financial markets and sub markets.
- Ensuring asset allocations for different investment options are consistent with the time horizon of each.

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IV. Investments sensitivity analysis

The Funds SA Board has determined that its forecast risk/return profile provides a reasonable measure of the sensitivity of the expected returns in each investment asset class. The following tables show the standard deviation around expected nominal returns for each asset class.

2017

Investment asset class	Average Return	Market Risk	Potential impact of market risk (+/-) on Income Statement +/- \$000
	%	%	
Cash	2.7	1.1	5
Inflation Linked Securities B	2.7	3.3	9
Property B	6.8	9.6	36
Australian Equities B	8.7	17.6	126
International Equities B	8.3	15.0	92
Long Term Fixed Interest	2.8	3.3	8
Short Term Fixed Interest	2.6	2.3	2
Diversified Strategies Growth B	8.2	14.6	34
Diversified Strategies Income	5.7	5.6	29

2016

Investment asset class	Average Return	Market Risk	Potential impact of market risk (+/-) on Income Statement +/- \$000
	%	%	
Cash	2.5	1.3	5
Inflation Linked Securities B	2.6	3.7	9
Property B	6.6	9.6	27
Australian Equities B	8.6	17.5	106
International Equities B	8.0	15.0	79
Long Term Fixed Interest	2.8	2.9	6
Short Term Fixed Interest	2.7	3.1	2
Diversified Strategies Growth B	8.4	14.6	27
Diversified Strategies Income	5.7	5.5	24

The statistics shown above are averages calculated over 10 years, net of investment management fees and gross of tax. These investment statistics have a 15 percent tax rate applied and includes franking credits.

Market risk is a useful historical measure of the variability of returns earned by an investment portfolio. The market risk shown above represents the range at which actual future returns are expected to occur either side of the nominal return approximately two thirds of the time.

The dollar value of the potential impact on the Income Statement arising from the market risk is indicative only. The impacts are not additive across investment asset classes, as each asset class operates in different markets and is subject to different conditions.

Actual movements in returns may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the underlying trusts invest. As a result, historic variations in rates of return are not a definitive indicator of future variations in rates of return.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund.

The value of financial assets, included in the Statement of Financial Position represents the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to those assets. The Fund does not have any significant exposure to any individual counterparty or industry. The credit risk is monitored by Funds SA through ongoing reviews of the investment managers.

The Fund does not have any assets which are past due or impaired and there is no concentration of credit risk.

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(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its payment of benefits to members and liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

For the Scheme's investments, Funds SA manages liquidity risk as follows:

- By giving careful consideration to the expected net cash redemption requirements of Funds SA's clients. The allocation to cash in the strategic asset allocation of each investment product is set at a level sufficient to manage expected cash redemptions.
- A large proportion of each investment product is invested in highly liquid investments such as actively traded equities, unit trusts or securities with short-term maturities.

For the Scheme itself, the liquidity position is monitored on a daily basis. The Scheme's cash and liquidity policy is to have sufficient cash balances to meet anticipated weekly benefit payments, expenses and investing activities.

The following tables summarise the expected maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Fund can be required to pay. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

30 June 2017	Less than 3 Months \$000	Total Contractual Cash Flows \$000	Carrying Amount Liabilities \$000
Benefits payable	-	-	-
Vested benefits ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	3 610	3 610	3 610
Total	3 610	3 610	3 610

30 June 2016	Less than 3 Months \$000	Total Contractual Cash Flows \$000	Carrying Amount Liabilities \$000
Benefits Payable	40	40	40
Payables ⁽ⁱ⁾	403	403	403
Vested benefits ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	3 045	3 045	3 045
Total	3 488	3 488	3 488

- (i) Payable amounts disclosed here exclude amounts relating to statutory payables (e.g. Commonwealth, State and Local Government taxes, fees and charges; Auditor-General's Department audit fees).
- (ii) Vested benefits have been included in the "Less than 3 months" column, as this is the amount that members could call upon as at balance date. This is the earliest date on which the Scheme can be required to pay members vested benefits, however, members may not necessarily call upon amounts vested to them during this time.

(d) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives can be defined as financial contracts whose value depends on, or is derived from, assets, liabilities, reference rates or indices. Funds SA uses derivatives to manage portfolio risk and to facilitate the implementation of investment strategies efficiently and cost effectively. Funds SA uses a variety of derivative instruments, such as over the counter swap agreements, forward rate agreements, futures and options.

Derivatives are an authorised investment within certain mandates managed by Funds SA's external investment managers for the purposes described above.

18. Segment information

The Fund operates in one reportable segment, being the provision of benefits to members. The Fund also operates from one reportable geographic segment, being Australia, from where its activities are managed. While the Fund operates from Australia only, the Fund, through its investment managers Funds SA, has investment exposures in different countries and across different industries.

19. Related parties

As detailed in Note 1, the Southern Select Super Corporation is a subsidiary of the Minister for Finance, pursuant to the *Public Corporations (Southern Select Super Corporation) Regulations 2012* (the Regulations), established under section 24 of the *Public Corporations Act 1993*, to act as Trustee of the Fund.

Super SA Select

Related parties of the Corporation include all key management personnel and their close family members, all Cabinet Ministers and their close family members and all public authorities that are controlled and consolidated into the whole of government financial statements and other interests of the Government.

The Southern Select Super Corporation

Annette Hurley (Presiding Member - Appointed 09/09/16)

Virginia Deegan (Re-appointed 1/12/15)

Richard Dennis (Appointed 08/09/16)

Bill Griggs (Re-appointed 8/09/16)

Jan McMahon (Re-appointed 8/09/16)

Aaron Chia (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 8/09/16)

Liz Hlipala (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 1/12/15)

Leah York (Deputy Member - Re-appointed 8/09/16)

Philip Jackson (Presiding Member - Appointed 09/09/13; Resigned 08/09/16)

The Southern Select Corporation Board Audit, Risk and Finance Committee

Virginia Deegan (Convenor)

Annette Hurley (Presiding Member)

John Wright

Philip Jackson (Resigned 08/09/16)

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Corporation include the Minister for Finance, the governing Corporation members and the General Manager, State Superannuation Office who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the Corporation.

Compensation

All key management personnel are compensated through the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF), with compensation disclosed in the respective financial reports.

Transactions with key management personnel and other related parties

There were no transactions requiring disclosure for key management personnel or related parties.

Transactions with other government entities

There were no significant transactions with government entities other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements.

20. Events after the reporting period

There were no significant events after the reporting period.

Super SA Select

Certification of the financial report

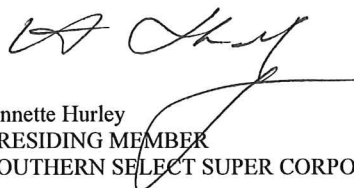
We certify that the attached general purpose financial report for the Super SA Select:

- complies with any relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under section 41 of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*;
- is in accordance with the accounts and records of the Fund; and
- presents fairly the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2017 and the results of its operation and cash flows for the year then ended on that date, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia.

We certify that the internal controls employed by the Fund for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of the general purpose financial report have been effective throughout the reporting period.



John Montague
GENERAL MANAGER
STATE SUPERANNUATION OFFICE



Annette Hurley
PRESIDING MEMBER
SOUTHERN SELECT SUPER CORPORATION



Mark Carpinelli
MANAGER FINANCIAL SERVICES
STATE SUPERANNUATION OFFICE

Date 15/09/2017.....

